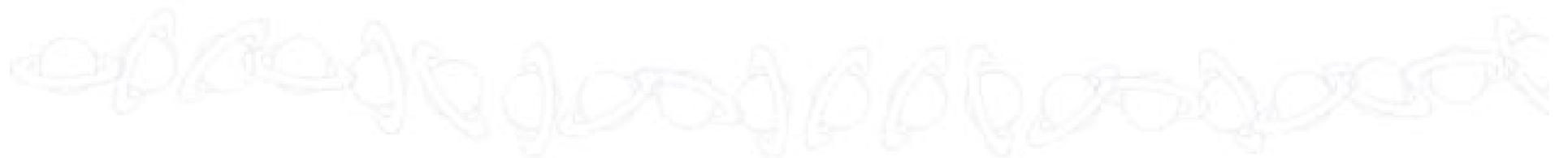


# Software Verification

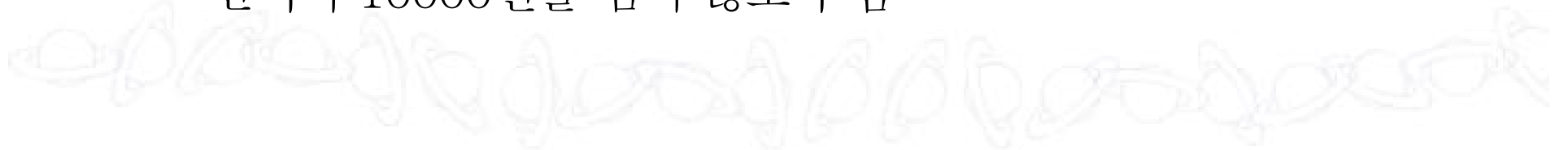
- Coffee Vending Machine-

Team 2: 200611453 권지숙  
200611463 김지원  
200611466 류아름  
200611513 임주희

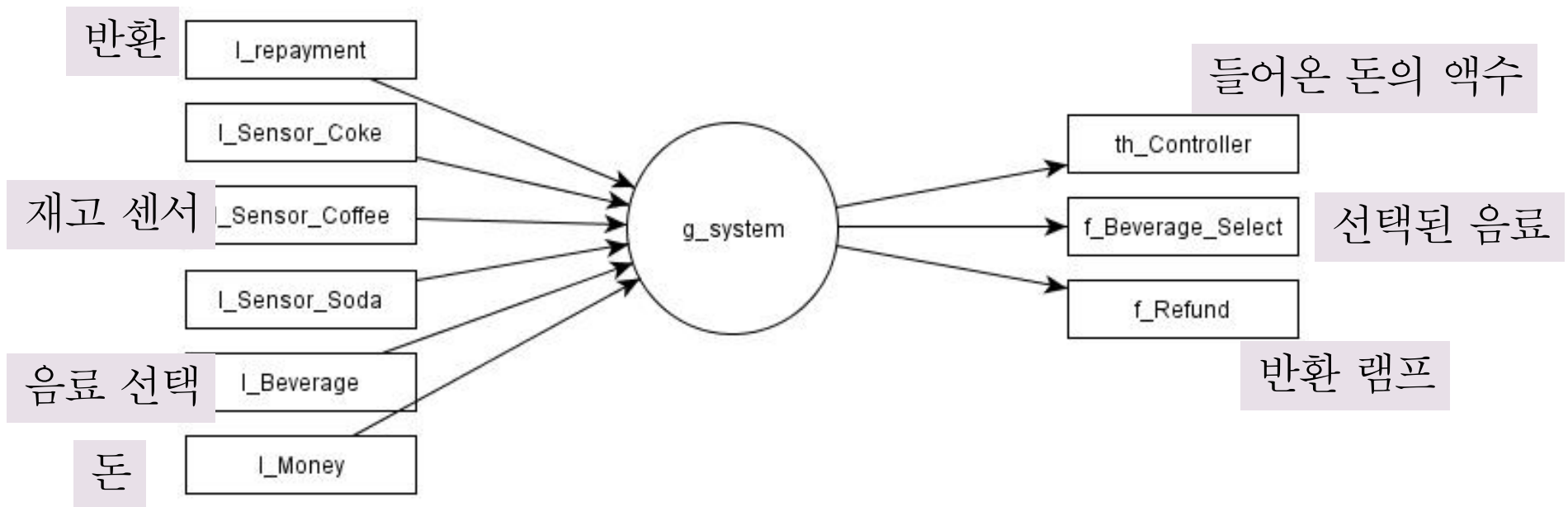


# 구현 과제

- NuSRS와 SMV를 이용한 커피 자판기 모델링
- 요구 사항
  - 3가지 종류의 음료(coffee, coke, soda)
  - 각 음료의 재고 상황을 알리는 센서 3개
  - 반환 램프
  - 버튼 : 4개 (각 음료 선택 / 반환 버튼)
  - 돈 입력 : 100, 500, 1000원만 받는 것으로 가정
  - 잔액이 10000원을 넘지 않도록 함



# Mapping

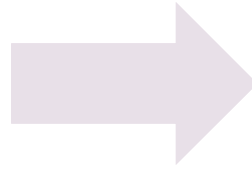


- f\_Value : {0, 1, 5, 10}
- f\_Button : {0, repay, coffee, coke, soda}
- f\_Remain : boolean
- f\_Refund : boolean
- F\_Beverage\_Select : {0, coffee, coke, soda}
- th\_Controller : 0 ... 100
- k\_Cost : 음료 값을 나타내는 상수 (5)
- th\_Controller\_t0 : th\_Controller의 전 사이클 값을 나타내기 위한 값



# g\_System (1)

```
l_Beverage : 0..4
l_Money : 0..3
l_Sensor_Coffee : boolean
l_Sensor_Coke : boolean
l_Sensor_Soda : boolean
l_repayment : boolean
f_Beverage_Select : boolean
f_Button : 0..5
f_Refund : boolean
f_Remain : 2..5
f_Value : 100..1000
th_Controller : 0..10000
```



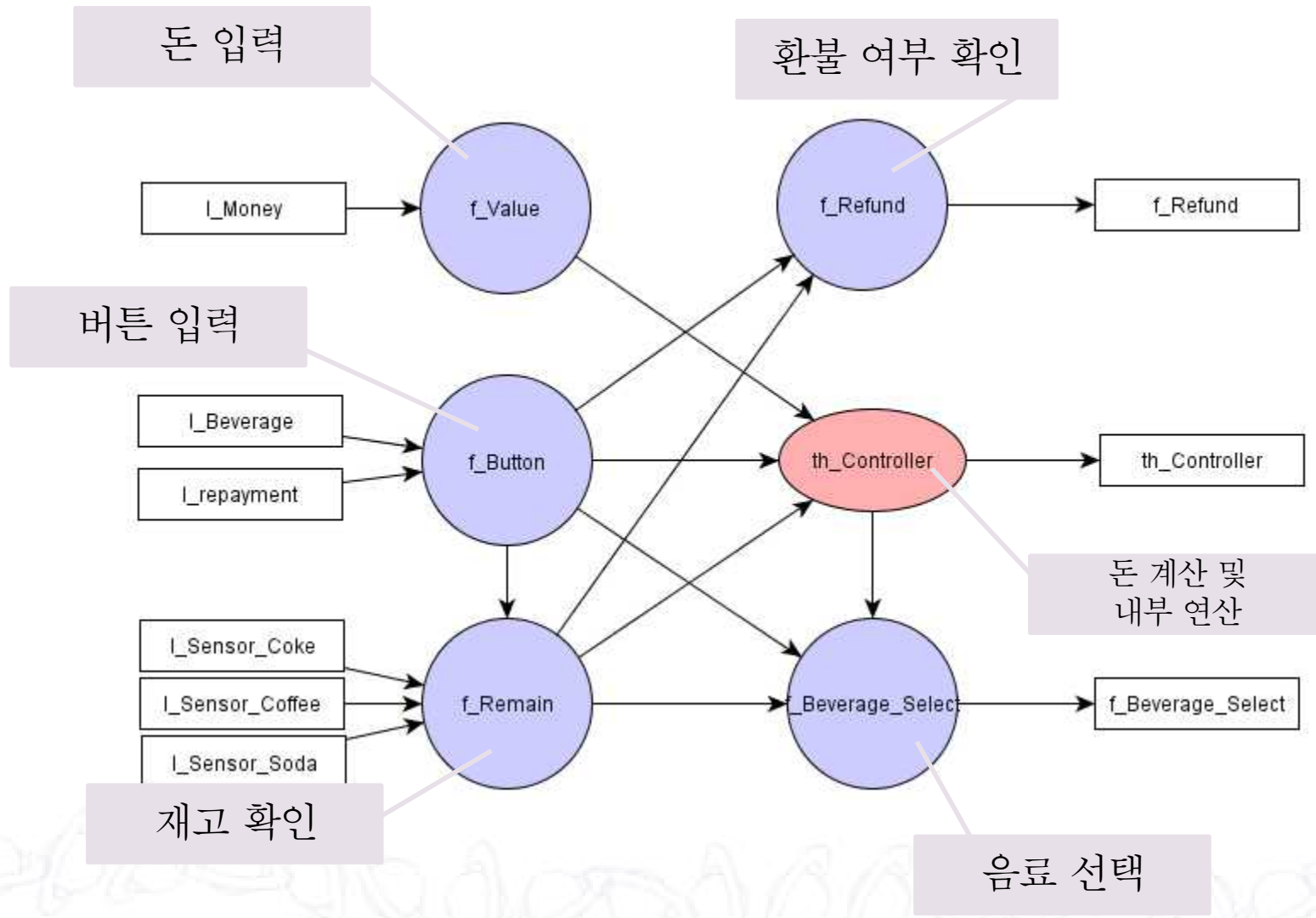
```
l_Beverage : {coffee,coke,soda}
l_Money : {1,2,3}
l_Sensor_Coffee : boolean
l_Sensor_Coke : boolean
l_Sensor_Soda : boolean
l_repayment : boolean
f_Beverage_Select : {coffee,coke,soda,0}
f_Button : {repay,coke,coffee,soda,0}
f_Refund : boolean
f_Remain : boolean
f_Value : {0,1,5,10}
th_Controller : 0..100
```

- Enum type 사용
- 숫자 범위 축소

(→ transition 개수 감소)

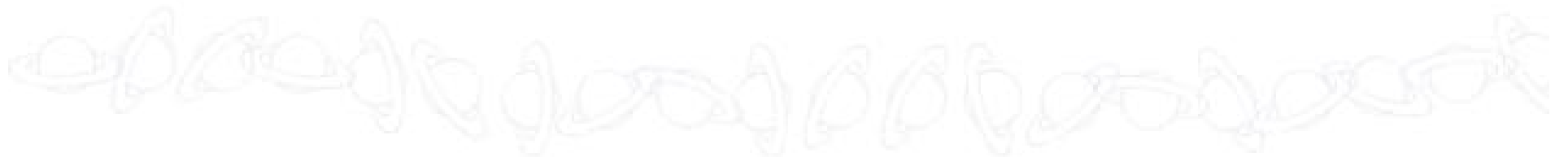


# g\_System (2)



# f\_Remain (1)

Conditions	1	2	3	4
<code>(f_Button = 2) &amp; (I_Sensor_Coffee = true)</code>	T	-	-	F
<code>(f_Button = 3) &amp; (I_Sensor_Coke = true)</code>	-	T	-	F
<code>(f_Button = 4) &amp; (I_Sensor_Soda = true)</code>	-	-	T	F
<code>f_Button = 0   f_Button = 1</code>	F	F	F	T
Action	1	2	3	4
<code>f_Remain := true</code>	O	O	O	
<code>f_Remain := false</code>				O



# f\_Remain (2)

Conditions	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<code>(f_Button = coffee) &amp; (I_Sensor_Coffee = true)</code>	T	F	F	F	F	F	F
<code>(f_Button = coke) &amp; (I_Sensor_Coke = true)</code>	F	T	F	F	F	F	F
<code>(f_Button = soda) &amp; (I_Sensor_Soda = true)</code>	F	F	T	F	F	F	F
<code>(f_Button = coffee) &amp; (I_Sensor_Coffee = false)</code>	F	F	F	T	F	F	F
<code>(f_Button = coke) &amp; (I_Sensor_Coke = false)</code>	F	F	F	F	T	F	F
<code>(f_Button = soda) &amp; (I_Sensor_Soda = false)</code>	F	F	F	F	F	T	F
<code>f_Button = 0   f_Button = repay</code>	F	F	F	F	F	F	T
Action	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<code>f_Remain := true</code>	O	O	O				O
<code>f_Remain := false</code>				O	O	O	





# Property – f\_Remain (1)

U : for until

- 버튼을 누른 음료에 대한 재고가 존재하거나, 반환 버튼을 눌렀거나, 버튼을 누르지 않으면 f\_Remain = true.

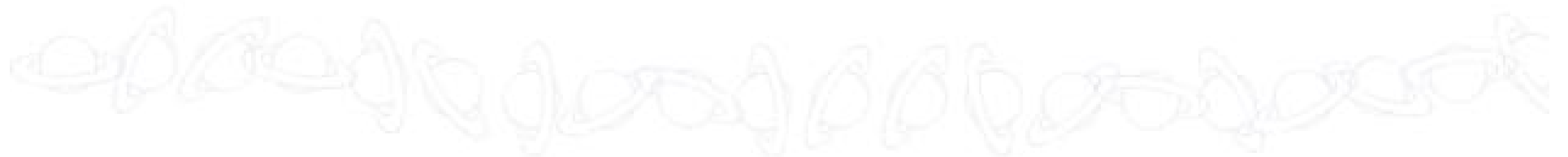
→ f\_Remain = true가 나오는 경우는, 재고가 있거나 반환 버튼 또는 버튼 입력이 없는 경우

- SPEC  $A( f\_Remain = \text{true } U$   
( ((f\_Button = coffee) & (L\_Sensor\_Coffee = true)) |  
((f\_Button = soda) & (L\_Sensor\_Soda = true)) |  
((f\_Button = coke) & (L\_Sensor\_Coke = true)) |  
!((f\_Button = repay) | (f\_Button = 0)) ))

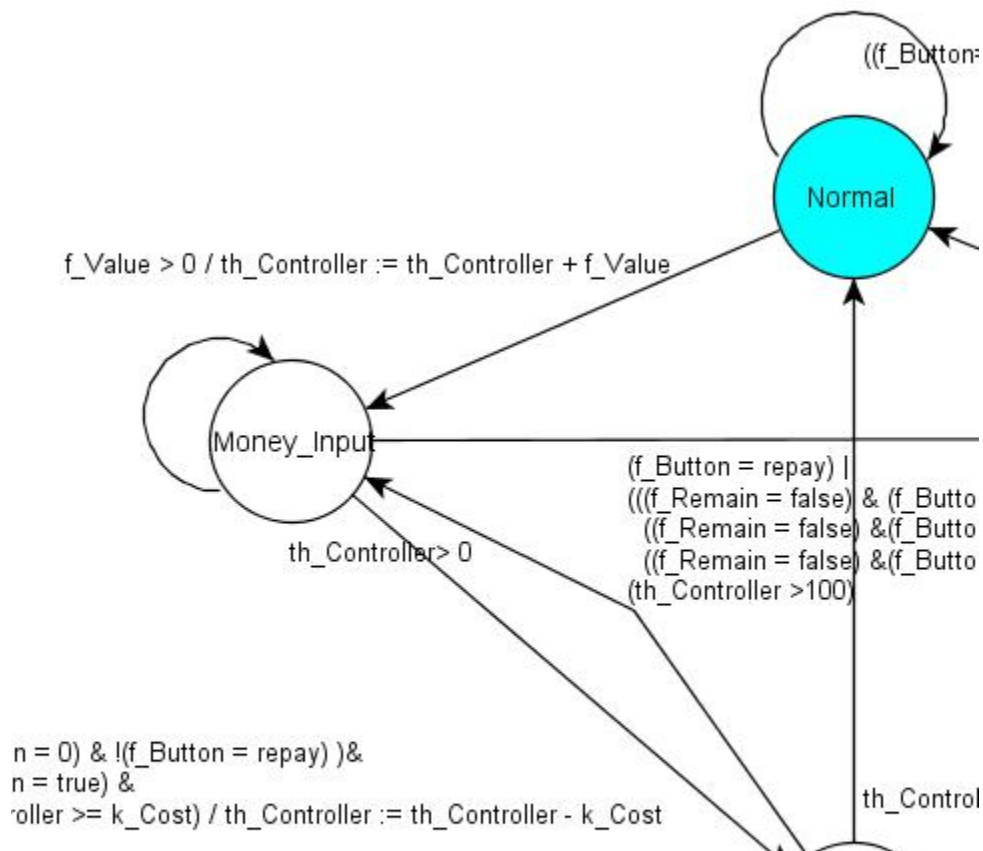


# Property – f\_Remain (2)

- f\_Remain에서 false가 나오는 경우는 버튼과 센서가 일치하지 않는 경우 뿐  
(replay버튼이나 아무것도 안 누른 상태는 true로 간주됨)
- SPEC  $A( f\_Remain = \text{false} \ U$   
( ((f\_Button = coffee) & (L\_Sensor\_Coffee = false)) |  
( (f\_Button = soda) & (L\_Sensor\_Soda = false)) |  
( (f\_Button = coke) & (L\_Sensor\_Coke = false)) |  
!(f\_Button = replay) | !(f\_Button = 0) ))



# Property - th\_Controller (1)-1

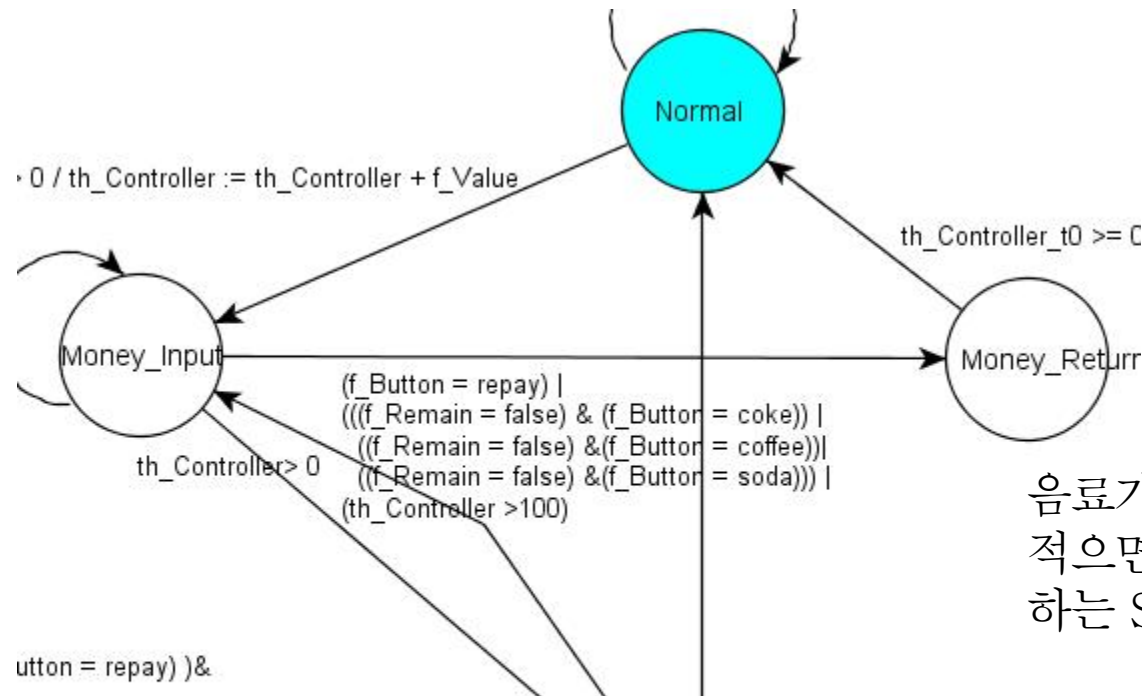


돈이 들어와서 음료 1개 값 이상의 잔액이 남으면, (음료가 나간 후) 반드시 그 다음에 Money\_Input 상태로 돌아가야 함.

SPEC **AG**(FROM-Money\_Input-To-Beverage\_Out-taken & (th\_Controller > k\_Cost)

-> **AX**(FROM-Beverage\_Out-TO-Money\_Input-taken)

# Property - th\_Controller (1)-2



음료가 나간 후 잔액이 음료 값보다 적으면 돈 입력을 다시 받거나 반환하는 State로 반드시 돌아가야 함.

SPEC  $AG( (FROM-Beverage\_Out-TO-Money\_Input-taken) \&(th\_Controller < k\_Cost)) \rightarrow AX( FROM-Money\_Input-TO-Money\_Input-taken \&( FROM-Money\_Input-TO-Money\_Input-enabled \mid FROM-Money\_Input-TO-Money\_Return\_Without\_Beverage-enabled ))$

# Property – g\_System (1)

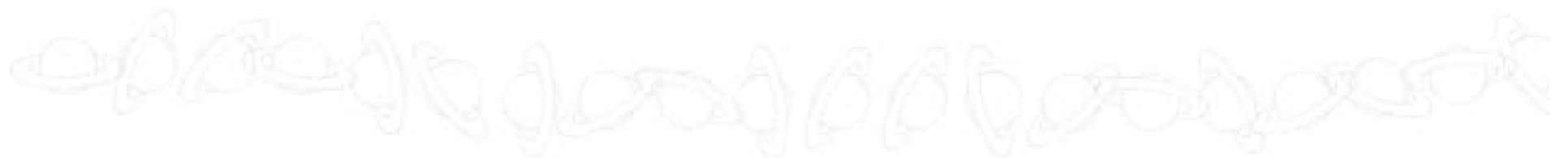
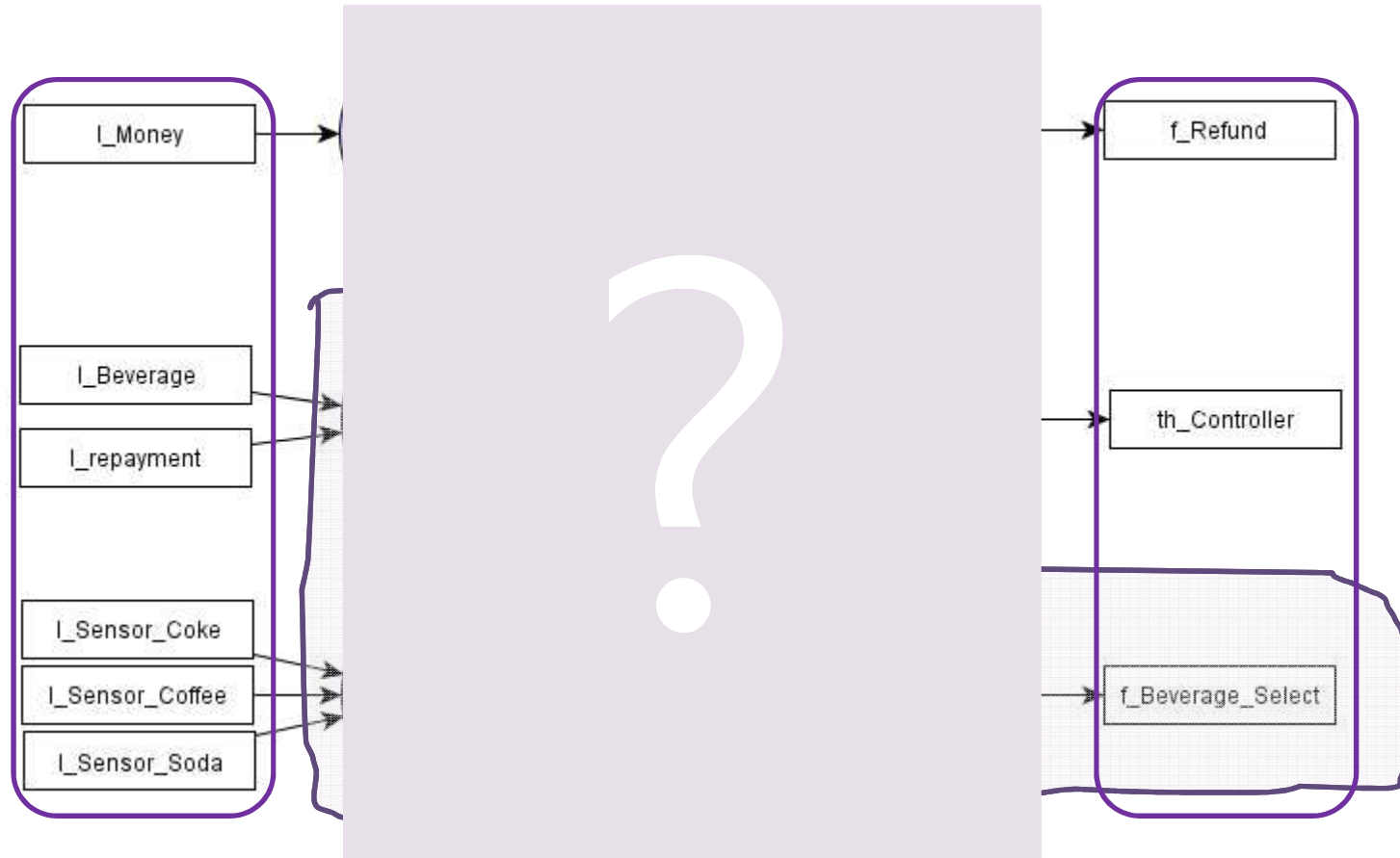
- 검증하고자 할 내용 :  
SPEC AG ((f\_Button.f\_Button = coffee) & (f\_Remain.f\_Remain = 1)  
&(th\_Controller.th\_Controller\_t0 >= th\_Controller.k\_Cost) ->  
EX(f\_Beverage\_Select.f\_Beverage\_Select = coffee))  
버튼 입력, 재고가 있고, 자판기에 돈이 음료 값 이  
상으로 들어있을 경우, 나온 음료는 버튼 선택과 같

아야 한다

SPEC AG ((f\_Button.f\_Button = coffee) & (f\_Remain.f\_Remain = 1)  
&(th\_Controller.th\_Controller\_t0 >= th\_Controller.k\_Cost) &  
(th\_Controller.FROM-Money\_Input-TO-Beverage\_Out-taken) ->  
EX(f\_Beverage\_Select.f\_Beverage\_Select = coffee))



# Property – g\_System (2)



# Property – g\_System (3)

- SPEC **AG** ((I\_Money = 3) & (I\_repayment = 0) & (I\_Beverage = coffee) & (I\_Sensor\_Coffee = 1) & (th\_Controller.FROM-Money\_Input-TO-Beverage\_Out-taken) -> **EX**(f\_Beverage\_Select.f\_Beverage\_Select = coffee))

**Failure to verify T\_T**



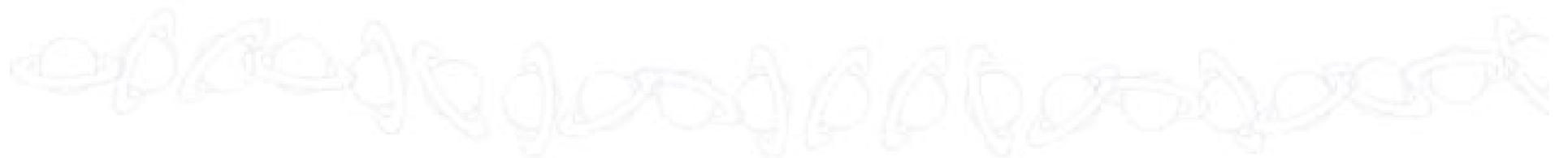
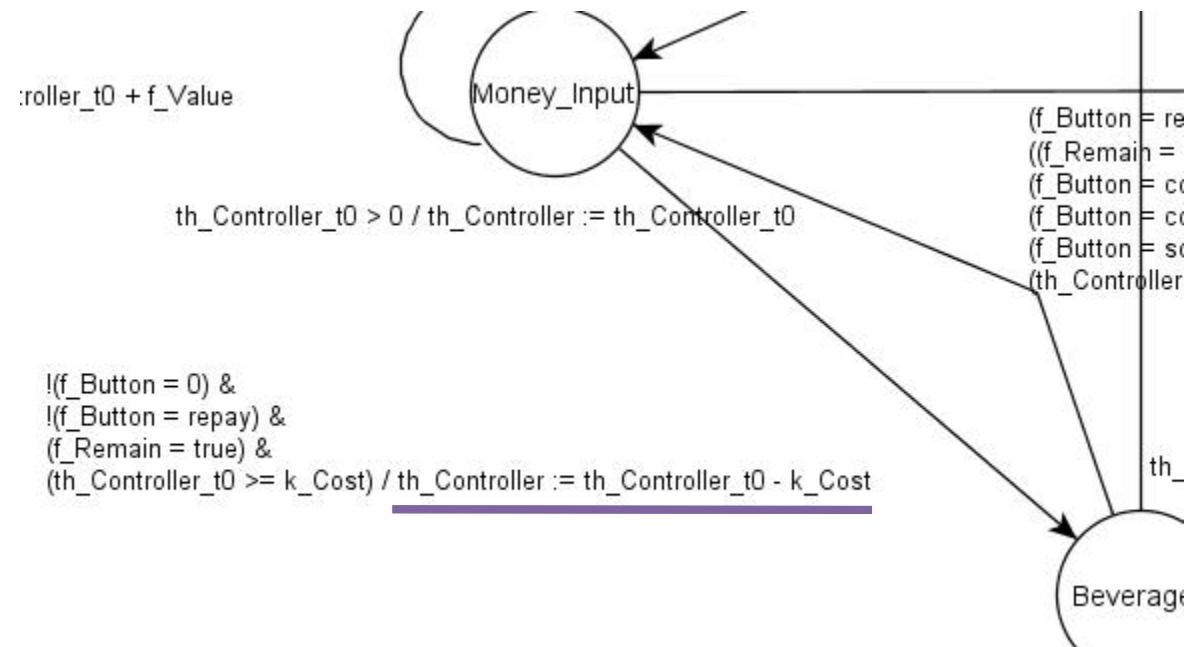
# Tracing (1)

	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
\FROM-Normal-TO-Money_Input-taken	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
STATE	Money_Ir	Money_Ir	Money_Ir	Beverage	Money_Ir	Money_Ir	Money_Ir	Money_Ir	
f_Button	0	0	soda	0	0	0	0	0	
f_Remain	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
f_Value	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
false	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
\in-Beverage_Out	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
\in-Money_Input	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	
\in-Money_Return_Without_Beverage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
\in-Normal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
k_Cost	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
k_Delay	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
th_Controller	4	5	5	0	5	5	6	6	
th_Controller_t0	4	4	5	5	0	5	5	6	
true	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	





# Tracing (2)



*Thank you! :)*

